Issels Immuno-Oncology

Primary Invasive Squamous Cell Carcinoma of the Cervix spread to the Uterus

Complete Long Term Remission of a Primary Invasive Squamous Cell Carcinoma of the Cervix spread to the Uterus through the Immunobiological Issels Treatment without any Standard Treatment

Patient R.W., Born 1928, File 381/56

13 years cancer free without any recurrence, patient leading a normal healthy life.

TREATMENT HISTORY First Diagnosis | Issels Treatment First Diagnosis

November 1956

Diagnosis: Carcinoma of the Cervix Stage I.

Histology: Invasive squamous cell carcinoma of the cervix.

By 3 different pathological institutes, among them University of Zurich/Switzerland, Prof. von Albertini.

No standard treatment: The 28 year old patient refused all standard treatments, because of her desire to have children.

Issels Treatment

December 1956 to March 1957

Issels Treatment: 13 weeks in-patient treatment at the Issels Hospital with out-patient follow-up treatment.

January 1957

Independ. exam. revealed the spreading of the malignant growth to the body of the uterus which reached the size of an orange and extended to the right parametrium forming a tumor of the size of a walnut.

August 1957

Issels Treatment: 3 weeks of in-patient treatment at the Issels Hospital with 6 months of out-patient follow-up treatment.

Independent gynecological control: Walnut size tumor considerably softer.

Issels Immuno-Oncology

Mid-1958

Complete Remission.

Follow-up until 1971

13 years cancer free without any recurrence, patient leading a normal healthy life.

DISCLAIMER: No claim is made that patients with similar diagnosis and/or treatment(s) will respond to the same extent as the patients shown. All testimonials have been provided voluntarily to share a patient's experience with the Issels Treatment and their state of health at the time. Some patients may have passed away due to age or disease. None of these patients received compensation or are related to the Issels Treatment Centers.